
Pronto4 Geolocation Variables

Pronto4 systems physically drive with and report a final position `AutoGpsXXXX`. The source of these GPS values may come from a number of areas such as an actual GPS device, a simulated GPS position, a forced path position, or from something like a Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM) filter. These are normally supplied by the program `djLoader` (i.e. `dj_ldr.exe`), at a rate of 10 Hz. The GPS should minimally output the Recommended Minimum C (RMC) at 1 Hz and the GGA message at 10 Hz. They are a result of either a copy from an actual GPS device or simulation. When the GPS device or simulation sends an updated value, the corresponding `SharedVariables` are updated.

`djLoader` is capable of using Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS), Single, Real Time Kinematic (RTK), and Differential GPS (DGPS) correction.

Simulation programs that generate GPS to the `gps_sim_XXXX` variables may include a switch to perform the copy from the `gps_sim_XXXX` to the `AutoGpsXXXX` variables.

Geolocation

- ◆ `AutoGpsLat`
- ◆ `AutoGpsLon`
- ◆ `AutoGpsVel`
- ◆ `AutoGpsHead`

Liveliness

- ◆ `AutoGpsReferences` = Number of satellites in view
- ◆ `AutoGpsQuality` = 0-100% (0=Unknown, 60=Waas, 70=Single, 80=RtkFloat, 90=RtkFixed, 100=Dgps)
- ◆ `AutoGpsStamp` = ms Timer stamp when update was made

Primary Geolocation Sensor Variables

The actual GPS from the hardware updates specific GPS names such as `gps3_XXXXXX`. `GPS1` and `GPS2` are low-cost devices using a Trimble protocol; `GPS3` and `GPS4` are higher cost GPS units that use the National Marine Electronics Association (NMEA) protocol. If both `GPS3` and `GPS4` are present then fixed heading is also available. `djLoader` normally supplies and populates these values.

- ◆ `gps3_latitude` (Note: misspelled because of history)
- ◆ `gps3_longitude`

- ◆ gps3_velocity
- ◆ gps3_heading
- ◆ gps3_references
- ◆ gps3_quality
- ◆ gps3_timestamp

Simulator Produced Variables

When a simulator is producing the GPS position, from a physics engine or forced path, the following set of GPS shared variables are produced.

- ◆ gps_sim_latitude (Note: misspelled because of history)
- ◆ gps_sim_longitude
- ◆ gps_sim_velocity
- ◆ gps_sim_heading
- ◆ gps_sim_references
- ◆ gps_sim_quality
- ◆ gps_sim_timestamp

These are then used by the KA ProntoMimic software suite either directly or as a source for the AutoGpsXXXX geolocation shared variable GPS set. In a simulation program, there is often a switch to perform the copy of the gps_sim_XXXX to the AutoGpsXXXX for system usage.

Other Geolocation Variables

It is possible to simulate a real world robot in real time and compare the results of AutoGpsXXX or gps3_XXXX and gps_sim_XXXX to determine performance or error. There are also a number of other GPS sets that are used for various purposes. There is also an equivalent set of compass shared variable sets. The compass is used infrequently as a singular sensor with KA software and is not discussed.

- ◆ gps1_XXXX - Trimble protocol, cheap GPS
- ◆ gps2_XXXX - Trimble protocol, cheap GPS
- ◆ gps4_XXXX - NMEA protocol, accurate GPS
- ◆ host_XXXX - Location of primary host or OCU
- ◆ host2_XXXX - Location of secondary host or OCU
- ◆ gps_dr_XXXX - Dead reckoned GPS position
- ◆ gps_ave_XXXX - Heavily filtered GPS position, used for stationary efforts
- ◆ crs_XXXX - Course GPS position
- ◆ gps34_XXXX - Relationship between GPS3 and GPS4