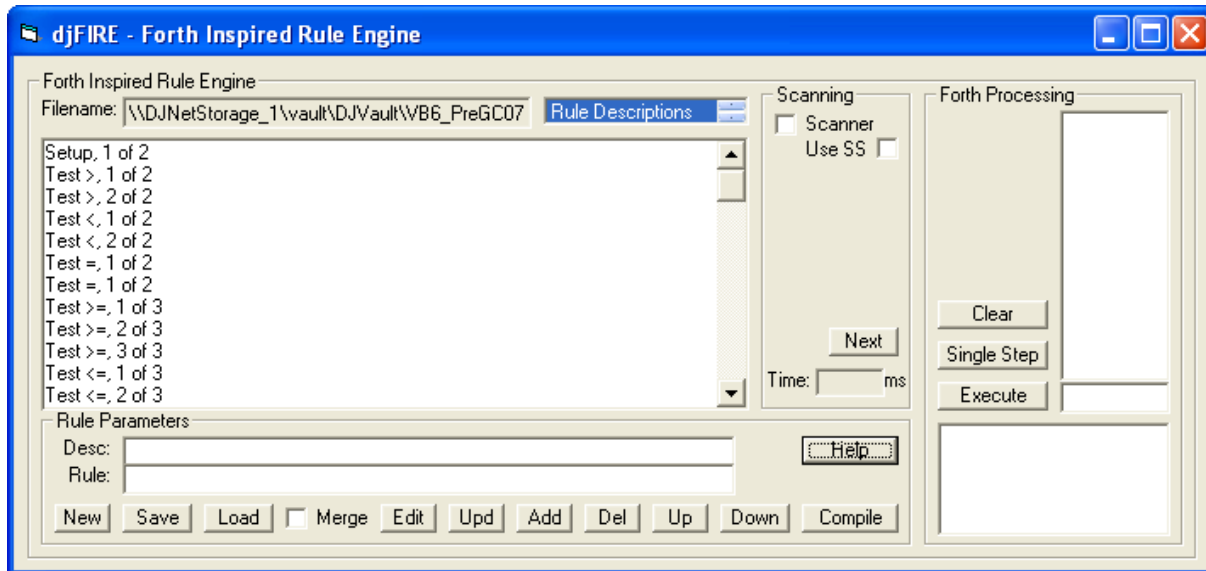


djFire Interface Control Documentation



The djFIRE interpreter by Kairos Autonomi may be used as a stand-alone program or may be included inside of another program. The window or frame shown above is the execution console of the djFIRE scripting language.

Window/Program Operation

- Filename — Filename of loaded rule, remembered on program cycles
- Desc — Human language description of rule
- Rule — FIRE language description of rule, machine read
- List — Scrolling list of all active rules

Rule Descriptions

- Scrolling list of methods for display of rule list, some methods cannot be edited
- Rule Descriptions — List of human readable rules
- Rule djFIRE logic — List of machine readable
- Compiled Rules — List of tokenized rules
- Live Rule Status — Active display of rules as they manipulate the system. Values are shown in []'s
- Fired Rule Descriptions — Only show rules that are active, 5 second pause before removal when inactive
- Fired Rule Logic — similar as above
- Fired Live Rules — similar as above



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BULLETIN
BUL-015

- New — Clear entries first press, then clear list to make new list
- Save — Save current list to file
- Load — Load previously saved list from file
- Merge — When checked the current list is not cleared before a new list is loaded
- Edit — Bring the selected list up in NOTEPAD. List must be reloaded is changes made
- Upd — Update or change the selected list item with new Desc and Rule; list item is uncompiled
- Add — Add new entry to list, not compiled
- Up — Move selected item up in list
- Down — Move selected item down in list
- Compile — Compile rule, convert tags to tokens
- Help — Show this file
- Scanner — Execute a scanner that executes all listed rules in sequence, continuously
— Scanner operates asynchronously at 25ms scans, all rules every 25ms
- Sync to Host — Execute all rules in list, synchronized with host operation
- Disable Output — Disable the output or writing to values
- Use SS — Same as scanner but rule is executed in automatic single step mode
- Next — Move to next rule and execute it, if no rule selected selects top rule and executes
- Time — Displays the time to execute scanner for all listed rules, average of 40 passes
- Clear — Clear forth stack
- Single Step — Single step through elements of djFIRE command line
- Execute — Execute djFIRE command line
- Command Line — Location of language commands to execute
— Pressing enter after a rule is entered will execute the rule and the clear the command line
- State — Display of rule state

Qualification

There is a file, djFIREQualification.fire that can be executed to determine if the script execution is functioning properly. Whenever an error is found in the djFIRE, this qualification file should be updated to demonstrate the error and then to show that it is corrected.



Rule Language Details

Definitions

TOS - Top of Stack

Stack order

v4 v3 v2 v1 <--TOS

v1 - top of stack

v2 - 2nd on stack

..

vn - further down the stack

Numerical entry

All values are decimal

May be signed, whole or decimals

Prefix "&H" for hexadecimal values

Command Entry

Commands are case insensitive

Shared variables or tags are case sensitive

Tags must have prefixes to be recognized

Prefixes determine the usage of the tag, read or write

Tags must be longer than 2 characters

All language elements must be separated by spaces

Extra characters are not allowed

djFIRE is a Forth Language-like scripting language, it is not a Forth implementation

Branch

IF — Execute following elements if 1 on top of stack

ELSE — Execute following elements if 0 was on TOS before IF

THEN — End of conditional execution

SKIP — Skip the next x rules as defined by TOS
— Not implemented as of 5/6/2007

Values

@ — Get value from tag

! — Save value to tag

— Direct value

/ — Zero tag

* — Set tag to 1

+ — Increment tag, plus

- — Decrement tag, minus

Conditional

> — 1 on stack if v2 > v1 is true

< — 1 on stack if v2 < v1 is true

>=, => — 1 on stack if v2 >= v1 is true

<=, =< — 1 on stack if v2 <= v1 > is true

=, == — 1 on stack if $v2 = v1 >$ is true
 <>, !=, =! — 1 on stack if $v2 <> v1 >$ is true
 0< — 1 on stack if $v1 < 0$ is true
 0> — 1 on stack if $v1 > 0$ is true
 0= — 1 on stack if $v1 = 0$ is true

Math

+ — result on stack from $v2 + v1$
 * — result on stack from $v2 * v1$
 ^ — result on stack from $v2 ^ v1$
 - — result on stack from $v2 - v1$
 / — result on stack from $v2 / v1$
 1+ — result on stack from $v1 + 1$
 1- — result on stack from $v1 - 1$
 Min — result on stack from min of $v2$ or $v1$
 Max — result on stack from max of $v2$ or $v1$
 ABS — result on stack from absolute value of $v1$
 NEGATE — result on stack from $v1 * -1$
 MOD — result on stack from $v2 \text{ MOD } v1$

Stack

PICK — picked value on stack $v4 v3 v2 v1$ 3 PICK leaves $v4 v3 v2 v1$
 $v3$ on stack
 ROLL — rolled value to top of stack $v4 v3 v2 v1$ 3 ROLL leaves $v4 v2$
 $v1 v3$ on stack
 DROP — drop value from stack $v2 v1$ DROP leave $v2$ on stack
 SWAP — swap top two values on stack $v2 v1$ SWAP leave $v1 v2$ on
 stack
 DUP — duplicate top value on stack $v1$ DUP leave $v1 v1$ on stack
 ?DUP — duplicate top value on stack if nonzero $v1$ DUP leave $v1 v1$ on
 stack if $v1 <> 0$
 ROT — roll 3rd value to top of stack $v4 v3 v2 v1$ ROT leaves $v4 v2 v1$
 $v3$ on stack
 OVER — place 3rd value to top of stack $v4 v3 v2 v1$ OVER leaves $v4 v3$
 $v2 v1 v3$ on stack
 DEPTH — place number of stack elements on TOS
 EMPTY — clear all entries from stack

Rule States

TRUE — set rule state to true, not same as 1 or 0 used by IF ELSE
 THEN
 FALSE — set rule state to false, not same as 1 or 0 used by IF ELSE
 THEN
 ?STATE — place 1 on stack if rule true, 0 if false
 GREEN — invert rule reporting logic, true is false, false is true



- Logic
 - RED — restore rule reporting logic
 - NOT — 2 complement of TOS
 - AND — result on stack from v2 AND v1
 - OR — result on stack from v2 OR v1
 - XOR — result on stack from v2 XOR v1
- Execution
 - (— ignore Line if at beginning, no rule state update
— ignore rest of line if in mid line, performs rule state update
— used to comment out single rule line when placed as first character
 - QUIT — terminate rule execution, if in list then no more rules after
— stack not cleared
 - ABORT — terminate rule execution, if in list then no more rules after
— stack cleared
— used to comment out all following rules
- System
 - VERSION — leaves the version of the djFIRE on stack
 - CHECKSUM — calculate checksum of rules and leave TOS
— Not implemented as of 5/6/2007
 - CREATE — Create a shared variable on system
CREATE svname svtype
svname — case sensitive alphanumeric variable name
valid chars (alpha ,numbers ,_!@#\$%^&*()_-) must start with alpha
 - svtype — long, double, string
 - INIT — Line is executed once upon start of multi-line execution
— Must be first token

Examples:

Initialization of Shared Variables

This line is executed once at the beginning of a multiline execution and then not executed again. It is not even presented to the rule engine again.

```
INIT CREATE sv_var1 double CREATE sv_var2 long
```



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Simple Rule

This rule checks to see if the segment distance is less than 100ft and if so it sets the direction for speed change to decrease. The @ symbol as a prefix on the shared variable fetches the SV from memory. The ! prefix causes it to store the value of -1 into the shared variable. The state of the rule is reported as TRUE if the conditional is true and executed.

```
@seg_distance 100 < IF -1 !speed_direction ELSE 1  
!speed_direction THEN
```